

Lebanon Fire District Pump Chart

Pump Pressure Cheat Sheet				
Line	Length	Nozzle	GPM	EDP
1 3/4 Crosslay	150'	SB	150	120
1 3/4 Crosslay	150'	Metro 1	150	120
1 3/4 Crosslay	200'	Metro 1	150	130
Front Bumper	100'	Metro 1	150	100
2 1/2 Preconnect	150'	1 1/8" SB	265	80
3" Blitz Line	150'	Blitz Fire	500	130
1" Reel/Flue Fires	100'	Chimney Nozzle	40	80
House Bundles				
Extended off 2 1/2"	100'	Metro 1	150	110
Extended off 150' 1 3/4"	100'	Metro 1	150	165
Extended off 200' 1 3/4"	100'	Metro 1	150	185

Nozzle Volumes	
Metro 1	150 GPM
Metro 2	250 GPM
SB (1 3/4")	150 GPM
1 1/8" SB (2 1/2")	265 GPM
1" Wildland Nozzle	10/24 GPM
1 1/2" Wildland Nozzle	95 GPM
Forestry Nozzle	20 GPM
Chimney Nozzle	40 GPM

Monitor Nozzles		
1 3/8" tip	80 PSI (SB, at the Nozzle)	500 GPM
1 1/2" tip		600 GPM
1 3/4" tip		800 GPM
2" tip		1000 GPM
Combination	100 PSI	1000 GPM
Blitzfire	100 PSI	500 GPM

Hydrant Flow Capabilities	
Drop from static to residual pressure	
10% drop	3 like flows
15% drop	2 like flows
25% drop	1 like flow

Foam	
Class A	0.3%
Class B	3%
Eductor	200 PSI @ eductor, within 100' of the nozzle

Pump Math Formulas
EDP = NP + FL + Appliance + Elevation
FL = C x (Q/100) ² x (L/100)

Nozzle Pressures (NP)	
Smooth Bore Handheld	50 PSI
Metro 1 & 2	50 PSI
Wildland Nozzle	100 PSI
Smooth Bore Master Stream	80 PSI
Combination Master Stream	100 PSI
Chimney Nozzle	60 PSI

Friction Loss (FL) in PSI per 100' Hose						
	150 GPM	250 GPM	300 GPM	500 GPM	750 GPM	1000 GPM
1 3/4"	35	97				
2 1/2"	4.5	12.5	18			
3"			7	20	45	80
4"			2	5	11.5	20

Appliance Friction Loss	
Master Stream	25 PSI
Appliances if flowing more than 350 GPM	10 PSI
Standpipe	25 PSI
Aerial Waterway	25 PSI

Elevation	
10 ft of elevation change	5 PSI
Every floor above the 1 st floor	

Coefficients (C)	
Diameter	Coefficient
1 1/2"	24
1 3/4"	15.5
2 1/2"	2
3"	0.8
4"	0.2
5"	0.08

Useful Information	
Elevated Master Stream	EDP = 125 + Elevation
Relay pumping	40 PSI at pump panel
FDCs	EDP = 150
Standpipes	25 PSI and 5 PSI each floor

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Fire Flow Formula

$$\left(\frac{\text{Length} * \text{Width}}{3} \right) \times \text{Percent involved} = \text{GPM}$$

Key Hydrants

North Lebanon	Reeves Parkway and Hwy 20
West Lebanon	12 th and W Tangent St
	West of Montessa Way
	Airport and Airway Rd
South Lebanon	Weirich and Hwy 20
East Lebanon	Grant St and Berlin Rd

GPM Supply for Rural Operations

Tender fill time

1. Record the time of the tender's fill cycle.
2. Round time to the nearest half minute, convert to a decimal -
3. Divide the tender's gallon capacity by the minutes.

$$\frac{\text{Gallon Capacity}}{\text{Minutes}} = \text{Available GPM}$$

Notes